## NATIONAL WASTEWATER DRUG MONITORING PROGRAM





The December 2022 collection covers around **55 per cent** of Australia's population—about **14 million Australians.** 



Capital city
methylamphetamine,
cocaine, MDMA, MDA,
heroin and ketamine
average consumption
exceeded regional
consumption.



Regional alcohol, nicotine, oxycodone, fentanyl and cannabis average consumption exceeded capital city consumption.

#### **December 2022 and February 2023 highlights**

#### **Record lows:**



Oxycodone regional (December) capital city (February)



Alcohol regional (December) capital city (February)

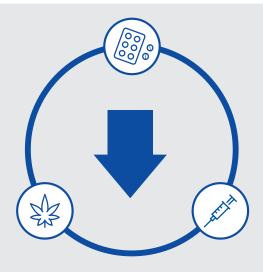


Nicotine regional (December)

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#### Between August and December 2022, the population-weighted average capital city consumption of:



heroin, oxycodone and cannabis decreased



alcohol, nicotine, methylamphetamine, cocaine, MDMA, MDA, fentanyl and ketamine increased

#### Between August and December 2022, the population-weighted average regional consumption of:



alcohol, nicotine, heroin, oxycodone and cannabis decreased



methylamphetamine, cocaine, MDMA, MDA, fentanyl and ketamine increased

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### INTERNATIONAL DRUG COMPARISONS

Methylamphetamine

consumption in Australia ranked **3rd** of 25 SCORE countries

Cocaine consumption in Australia ranked 18th of 27 SCORE countries









MDMA consumption in Australia ranked 21<sup>st</sup> of 27 SCORE countries



Cannabis consumption in Australia ranked 6<sup>th</sup> of 16 SCORE countries